Ousedale School Be Kind | Work Hard | Succeed Together

Biology Long-Term Plan

Long-term planning (LTPs) - Planning how the key concepts, knowledge, skills identified in the Progression map will be delivered termly per year group Ensuring that end points & NC/spec are covered

Identifying what assessments are planned and when

Ensuring whole school intent priorities to be planned for

(Year 11 Combined science)								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Unit title:	B10 Nervous system	B11 Hormonal Coordination / Revise for trial exams	B12 Homeostasis / B13 Reproduction	B14 Variation and Evolution / Mock exam	B15 Genetics / Revise & Exams	Exams		
Unit length:	10 lessons	9/ 4 lessons	5/6 lessons	4 lessons	4 lessons			
Key concepts:	Nervous system, reflex arcs, the brain, the eye	Hormonal control, diabetes, negative feedback, the menstrual cycle	Controlling temperature and water balance, the kidney. Asexual and sexual reproduction. DNA structure, gene expression, genetic crosses, genetic diseases.	Evolution by natural selection, selective breeding, genetic engineering.	Theories and evidence for evolution, speciation			
Knowledge/ Skills:	Recall details of the human nervous system and its structure and function. Describe a reflex arc, with detail of synaptic transmission. Investigating the brain and the treatment of brain damage. the structure and function of the human eye and the process of accommodation. Describe common defects of the eye including myopia, hyperopia, and the role of new technology in the treatment of these conditions.	Identify the main parts of the endocrine system. Recall how blood- glucose concentration is controlled, including the role of insulin and glucagon. Be aware of the causes and treatments of both type 1 and type 2 diabetes. Understand the process of negative feedback. Recall the action of hormones in bringing about puberty and the role of oestrogen in the menstrual cycle in females.	Recall the role of the thermoregulatory centre in the brain. Water, ions, and urea are lost from the skin in an uncontrolled way. Recall that the digestion of proteins may result in excess amino acids, which are deaminated in the liver. Understand the role and functions of the human kidney, including treatments for kidney failure. Outline asexual and sexual reproduction, and the importance of meiosis,	Discuss the causes of variation in terms of genetic, environmental, or a combination of both. Understand the role of mutation in variation, understand the theory of evolution by survival of the fittest and natural selection, and be able to give examples. Recall the process of selective breeding and the steps involved in the process of genetic engineering.	Describe several theories of evolution including the work of Lamarck and Darwin, understand speciation and be aware of evidence for evolution, including the fossil record and reasons for extinction. Understand how living organisms are classified and give the rules of the binomial system of naming living things. Be familiar with the three-domain system			

		the deveter of herein herein errors	for the stars and contations			
		Understand now normones	fertilisation, and variation			
		fortility of applied to	In sexual reproduction			
		rentility as applied to	Outline DNA structure,			
		contraception, and for	recalling protein synthesis,			
		infertility treatments.	including now the genetic			
		The value of hermony and in	code is used to assemble			
		The role of normones in	amino acids into proteins.			
		plants, and the tropism	Be able to use genetic			
		responses they cause.	cross with the use of a			
			Ruppott square, Prodict			
			ratios of different			
			nhenotypes and apply this			
			to sex determination and			
			family trees/ be able to			
			describe the inheritance of			
			genetic disorders.			
			Discuss screening for			
			genetic disorders.			
End points	A deep understanding	A deep understanding	A deep understanding	A deep understanding	A deep understanding	
covered:	of how organisms	of reproduction and	of how organisms	of inheritance and	of inheritance and	
	sense and respond	how organisms sense	sense and respond	evolution	evolution	
	and the muscular	and respond	and Chromosomes			
	system		DNA and gonos			
		4524			4 6 2 / 4 6 2	
NC/Spec	4.5.2	4.5.3 /	4.5.2/4.5.3	4.6.1/4.6.2/4.6.3	4.6.2/4.6.3	
coverage:						
Cross-curricular		RE / PSHE.	RE organ donation		RE / History	
links:		Contraception, the			Acceptance of the	
		menstrual cycle			theory of Evolution	
Assessments.	Folltests	Foll tests	Folltests	Folltests	GCSE exams	GCSE exams
Assessments.						
	PRS	PRS	PRS	PRS		
	MOCKs	MOCKs	MOCKs	MOCKs		
	GCSE exams	GCSE exams	GCSE exams	GCSE exams		
Other school inte	ent priorities					
New	Aspire session, Biology	Demonstrate	Ethics of organ	Evaluate use of		
experiences –	of Sport	contraception	donation / organ	genetically modified		
broadening			harvesting	organisms and		
horizons				solactively brad		
				selectively bled		
				organisms		

Developing					
character –					
Kind, Hard					
Working,					
Successful					
Context specific					
need –					
diversity,					
inclusion;					
reading,					
literacy; mental					
health					
Curriculum	doctor, radiographer	Doctor, counsellor,	Geneticist		
Careers -		agriculture			
Gatsby 4					